#### Year 3 – Summer Block 2 – Time – Months and Years

#### About This Resource:

This PowerPoint has been designed to support your teaching of this small step. It includes a starter activity and an example of each question from the Varied Fluency and Reasoning and Problem Solving resources also provided in this pack. You can choose to work through all examples provided or a selection of them depending on the needs of your class.

## National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 3: (3M4e) Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year

More <u>Year 3 Time</u> resources.

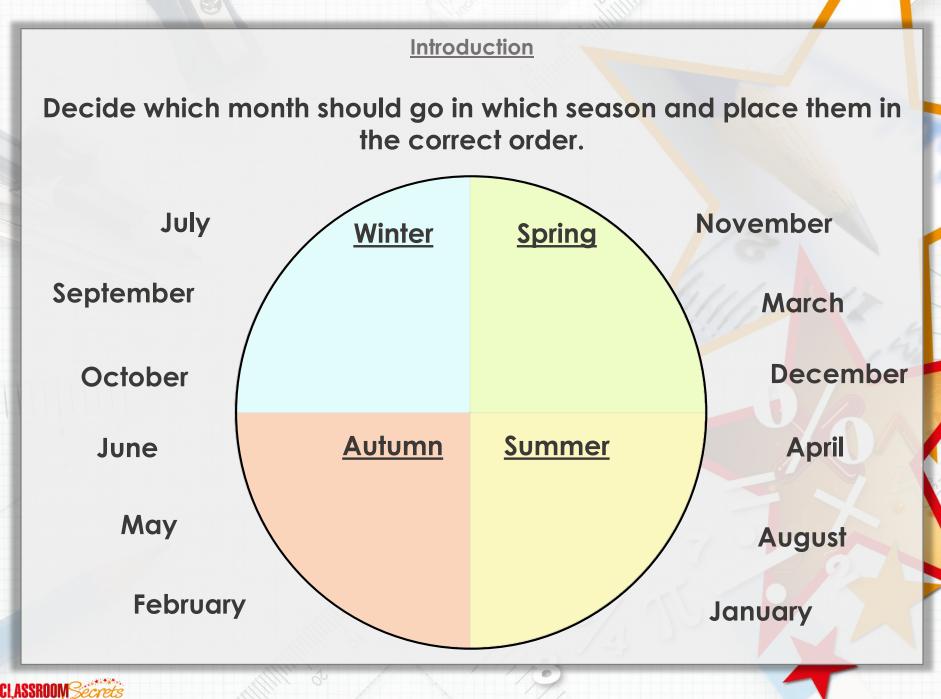
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Year 3 – Summer Block 2 – Time

# Step 1: Months and Years





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## Introduction

Decide which month should go in which season and place them in the correct order.

July	Winter	Spring	November	
September	December January	March April	March	
October	February	May	December	
June	<u>Autumn</u>	<u>Summer</u>	April	
May	September October November	June July August	August	
February		January		



Circle the month or months that do not have 30 days in total.

# The eighth month of the year

April

The month before March



Circle the month or months that do not have 30 days in total.

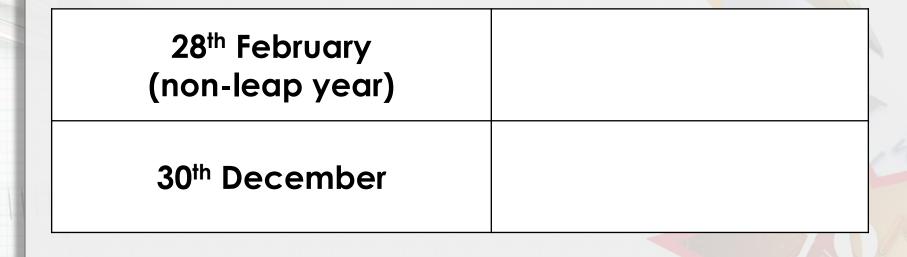
The eighth month of the year

April

The month before March



Write the date a week later.





Write the date a week later.





Complete the table.

Number of days in the fifth month of the year	
Number of days in 2019	
Number of days in February in a year	29



# Complete the table.

Number of days in the fifth month of the year	31	
Number of days in 2019	365	
Number of days in February in a leap year	29	



Draw lines to match the statements to the missing parts.

8

31

30

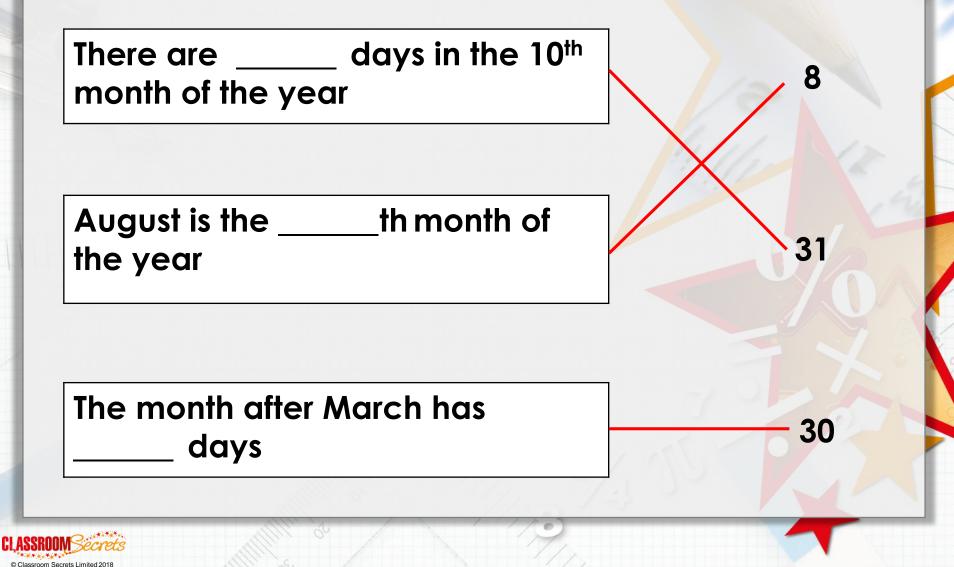
There are \_\_\_\_\_ days in the 10<sup>th</sup> month of the year

August is the \_\_\_\_\_th month of the year

The month after March has \_\_\_\_\_ days



Draw lines to match the statements to the missing parts.



Are the following statements always true, sometimes true or never true?

- A. March has fewer days than September
- B. A year has 366 days
- C. January is the first month of the year
- D. 2020 will be a leap year

Explain your reasoning.



Are the following statements always true, sometimes true or never true?

A. March has fewer days than September Never true because March has 31 days and September has 30 days.

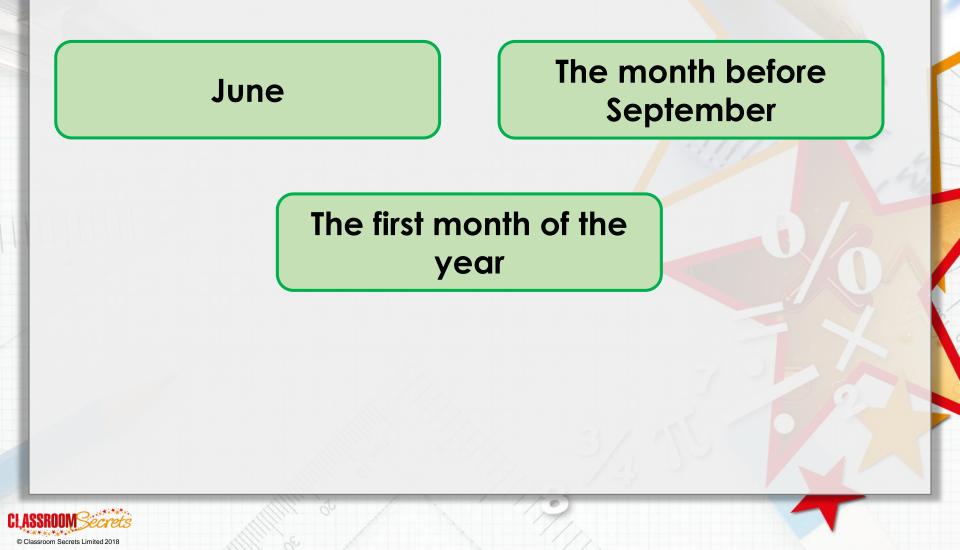
B. A year has 366 days Sometimes true because a leap year has 366 days but a non-leap year has 365 days.

C. January is the first month of the year Always true.

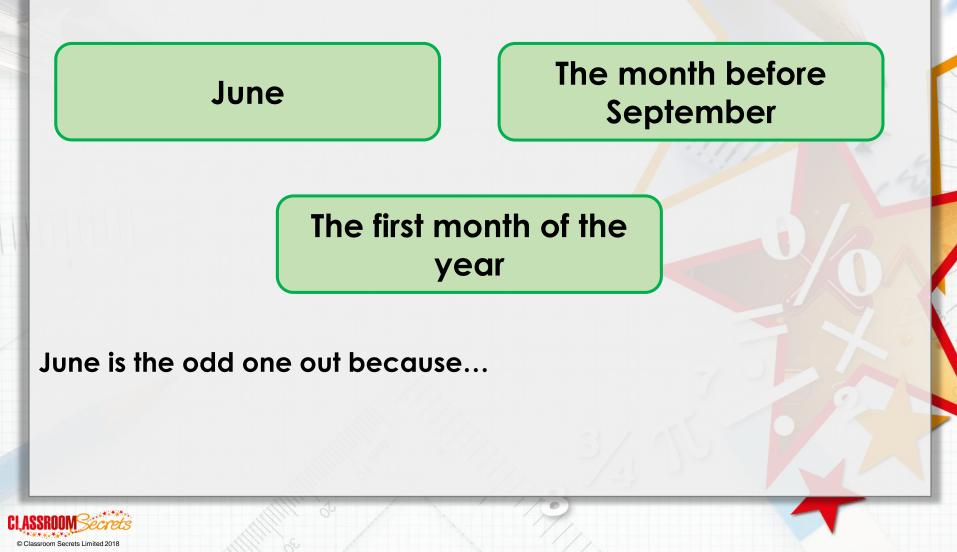
D. 2020 will be a leap year Always true because leap years happen every four years, and the last one was 2016.



Which card is the odd out one? Explain your reasoning.



Which card is the odd out one? Explain your reasoning.



Which card is the odd out one? Explain your reasoning.

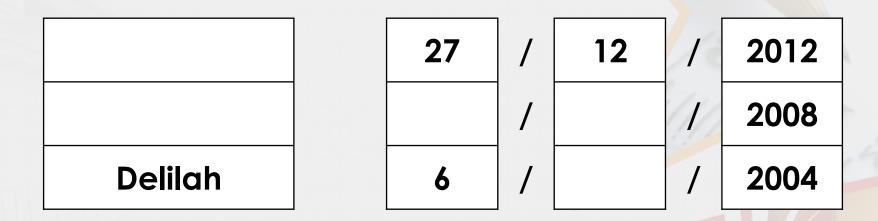


June is the odd one out because June has 30 days whereas August (the month before September) and January (the first month of the year) both have 31 days.



Problem Solving 1

Complete the table about the siblings' dates of birth using the information below.



- Jaxon's birthday is two days after Christmas.
- Harvey's birthday is in August.

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- Harvey's birthday is on the same day of the month as Jaxon's.
- Delilah's birthday is in the month before Harvey's.

Problem Solving 1

Complete the table about the siblings' dates of birth using the information below.

Jaxon	27	/	12	1	2012
Harvey	27	/	8	1	2008
Delilah	6	/	7	1	2004

- Jaxon's birthday is two days after Christmas.
- Harvey's birthday is in August.

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- Harvey's birthday is on the same day of the month as Jaxon's.
- Delilah's birthday is in the month before Harvey's.