Reasoning and Problem Solving Step 9: Find Pairs of Values 1

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 6: (6A4) <u>Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two</u> <u>unknowns</u>

Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain whether a pair of values could be possible in the given equation. Using whole numbers less than 20.

Expected Explain whether a pair of values could be possible in the given equation. Using whole numbers.

Greater Depth Explain whether a pair of values could be possible in the given equation. Using decimals.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Problem Solving)

Developing Work out the possible values of a and b using the given equations and answers, using addition, subtraction, multiplication, and whole numbers less than 20. Expected Work out the possible values of a and b using the given equations and answers, using all 4 operations and whole numbers.

Greater Depth Work out the possible values of a and b using the given equations and answers, using all 4 operations and whole numbers, decimals and fractions.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain whether a statement is correct when finding the value of pairs, using division and whole numbers less than 20.

Expected Explain whether a statement is correct when finding the value of pairs, using division and whole numbers.

Greater Depth Explain whether a statement is correct when finding the value of pairs, using division and multiplication with decimal and negative numbers.

More <u>Year 6 Algebra</u> resources.

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Reasoning and Problem Solving – Find Pairs of Values 1 – Teaching Information

Find Pairs of Values 1	Find Pairs of Values 1
1a. Felicity writes the following equation:	1b. Aaron writes the following equation:
a + b = 16	<i>a</i> x <i>b</i> = 18
For one of the possible pairs, she has written:	For one of the possible pairs, he has written:
<i>a</i> = 8 and <i>b</i> = 8	<i>a</i> = 10 and <i>b</i> = 8
Is she correct? Explain your answer.	Is he correct? Explain your answer.
R	R
2a. What pair of values have been used in the following equations if the values are always the same?	2b. What pair of values have been used in the following equations if the values are always the same?
$\begin{vmatrix} a+b \\ = 7 \\ a \times b \\ = 12 \\ a-b \\ = 1$	$\begin{vmatrix} a \times b \\ a - b \\ a - b \\ a + b \\ = 7 \end{vmatrix}$
PS	PS
3a. Richie is finding pairs of values for the equation below.	3b. Saima is finding pairs of values for the equation below.
$a \div b = 17$ He says,	$a \div b = 2$ She says,
One value must be 1 because the answer is a prime number.	One of the values must be even as the answer is an even number.
Is Richie correct? Explain why.	Is Saima correct? Explain why.
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Reasoning and Problem Solving – Find Pairs of Values 1 – Year 6 Developing

Find Pairs of Values 1	Find Pairs of Values 1
4a. Elodie writes the following equation:	4b. Daley writes the following equation:
<i>a</i> ÷ <i>b</i> = 7	a ÷ b = 6
For one of the possible pairs, she has written:	For one of the possible pairs, he has written:
<i>a</i> = 7 and <i>b</i> = 49	<i>a</i> = 36 and <i>b</i> = 6
Is she correct? Explain your answer.	Is he correct? Explain your answer.
R	R
5a. What pair of values have been used in the following equations if the values are always the same?	5b. What pair of values have been used in the following equations if the values are always the same?
a+b = 16	a+b = 21
$\begin{array}{c} a \times b \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
$\begin{vmatrix} a \div b \\ \hline a - b \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ \hline 8 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{vmatrix} a \div b \\ \hline a - b \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 6 \\ \hline 15 \end{vmatrix}$
PS	PS
6a. Josey is finding pairs of values for the equation below.	6b. Russell is finding pairs of values for the equation below.
$a \div b = 9$	<i>a</i> ÷ <i>b</i> = 7
She says,	He says,
One value must be a multiple of 3 because 9 is a multiple of 3.	Both values can't be even because 7 is odd.
Is Josey correct? Explain why.	Is Russell correct? Explain why.
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Reasoning and Problem Solving – Find Pairs of Values 1 – Year 6 Expected

Find Pairs of Values 1	Find Pairs of Values 1
7a. Polly writes the following equation:	7b. Guy writes the following equation:
$a \div b = 3.5$	<i>a</i> ÷ <i>b</i> = 4.2
For one of the possible pairs, she has written:	For one of the possible pairs, he has written:
<i>a</i> = 8 and <i>b</i> = 28	<i>a</i> = 21 and <i>b</i> = 5
Is she correct? Explain your answer.	ls he correct? Explain your answer.
R	R
8a. What pair of values have been used in the following equations if the values are always the same?	8b. What pair of values have been used in the following equations if the values are always the same?
$\begin{vmatrix} a+b \\ = 84.5 \\ a \times b \\ = 42 \\ a \div b \\ = 168 \\ a-b \\ = 83.5 \end{vmatrix}$	$a + b = 12 \frac{3}{4}$ $a \times b = 9$ $a \div b = 16$ $a - b = 11 \frac{1}{4}$
PS	PS
9a. Evan is finding pairs of values for the equation below.	9b. Kirsty is finding pairs of values for the equation below.
$a \times b = -60$	<i>a</i> ÷ <i>b</i> = 19.5
He says,	She says,
Both values must be a negative number because the answer is a negative number.	Value b must be an odd number because the answer is a decimal.
Is Evan correct? Explain why.	Is Kirsty correct? Explain why.
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Reasoning and Problem Solving – Find Pairs of Values 1 – Year 6 Greater Depth

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<u>Reasoning and Problem Solving</u> <u>Find Pairs of Values 1</u>

Developing

1a. Felicity is incorrect as because both letters would represent 8, but each letter should represent a different number. 2a. a = 4; b = 3

3a. Richie is incorrect because 17 is not being divided, it is the answer.

Expected

4a. Elodie is incorrect because 7 ÷ 49 would give an answer less than 1. Her numbers would work if she swapped them around.

5a. *a* = 12; *b* = 4

6a. Josey is correct because to give an answer of 9, the number being divided must be a multiple of 9. Anything that can be divided by 9, can also be divided by 3. Example: $18 \div 9 = 2$, $18 \div 3 = 6$.

Greater Depth

7a. Polly is incorrect because $8 \div 28$ would give an answer less than 1. Her numbers would work if she swapped them around. 8a. a = 84; b = 0.5

9a. Evan is incorrect because when two negative numbers are multiplied, the answer is positive. Example: $-2 \times -5 = 10$.

<u>Reasoning and Problem Solving</u> <u>Find Pairs of Values 1</u>

Developing

1b. Aaron is incorrect because 10 x 8 = 80. His values would word if the equation used addition.

2b. *a* = 5; *b* = 2

3b. Saima is correct because only even numbers give an answer of 2 when divided. Example: $16 \div 8 = 2$.

Expected

4b. Daley is correct because $36 \div 6 = 6$. 5b. a = 18; b = 36b. Russell is incorrect because division with two even numbers always produces an odd answer. Example: $10 \div 2 = 5$.

Greater Depth

7b. Guy is correct because $21 \div 5 = 4.2$ 8b. a = 12; b = 0.759b. Kirsty is incorrect because dividing by an even number can still give a decimal answer. Example: $117 \div 6 = 19.5$.



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